

Student-faculty, student-staff, and student-student relationships are crucial for learning, well-being, mattering, and success.



"Students did *not* suggest that teachers go beyond their professional role – only that they give more attention to the social dimensions of learning that are within their role."

"Addressing the factors that your students identify as causing stress and impacting their wellbeing is vitally important because when we do that, students have the experience of us listening to them and taking their concerns seriously."

(Baik et al., 2019, p. 683, 685)



Mattering (and Belonging)

"Mattering is the feeling of being significant and important to other people."

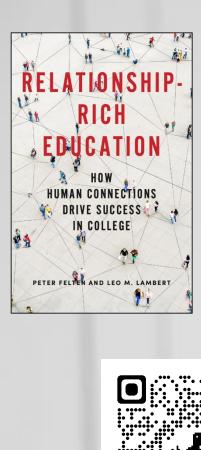
(Flett, Khan, & Su, 2019, p. 667)

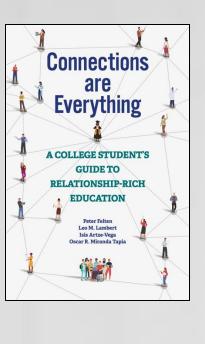
Mattering recognizes and values students as individuals with distinct identities and contributions to make to the community.

(Schlossberg, 1989)

"[This program] made me feel like who I am is more than enough—that my identity, my thoughts, my ideas are significant and valuable."

(Student quoted in Cook-Sather et al., 2023)

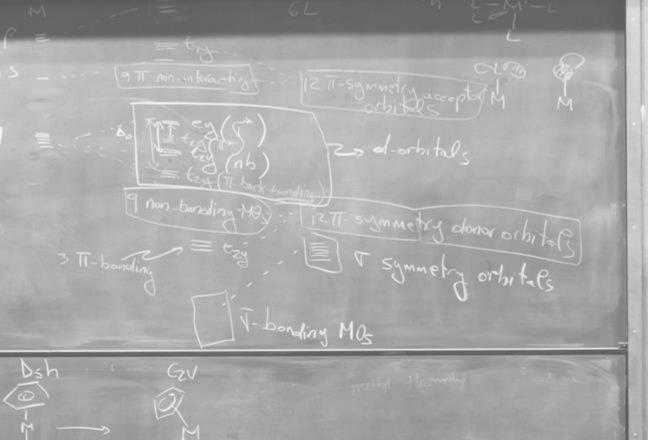






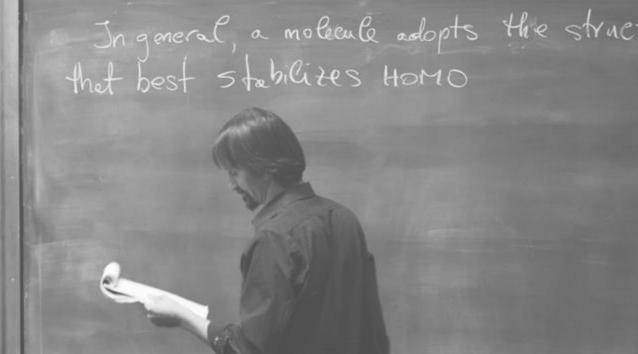
What works for you to build relationships with and among students? What are barriers to those kinds of connections?





"I was thrilled to be at UW. But, sitting in these large classrooms...I convinced myself that they're all more successful than me. I was comparing myself to others and imagining all of their accomplishments. I was freaking out, to be honest."

(Gigi Gaultier, University of Washington)



"I feel like too many times students really struggle because they're too scared to ask for help. I know sometimes my pride gets in the way of acknowledging that I don't understand something. Everyone at the college is always willing to help me, but it can be intimidating to go to them."

(Abraham Segundo, San Antonio College)





"Once students recognize that you care about them, about where they come from, about their goals and what they're trying to accomplish, then you have a strong foundation for teaching and learning."

(Matthew Smith, California State University Dominguez Hills)

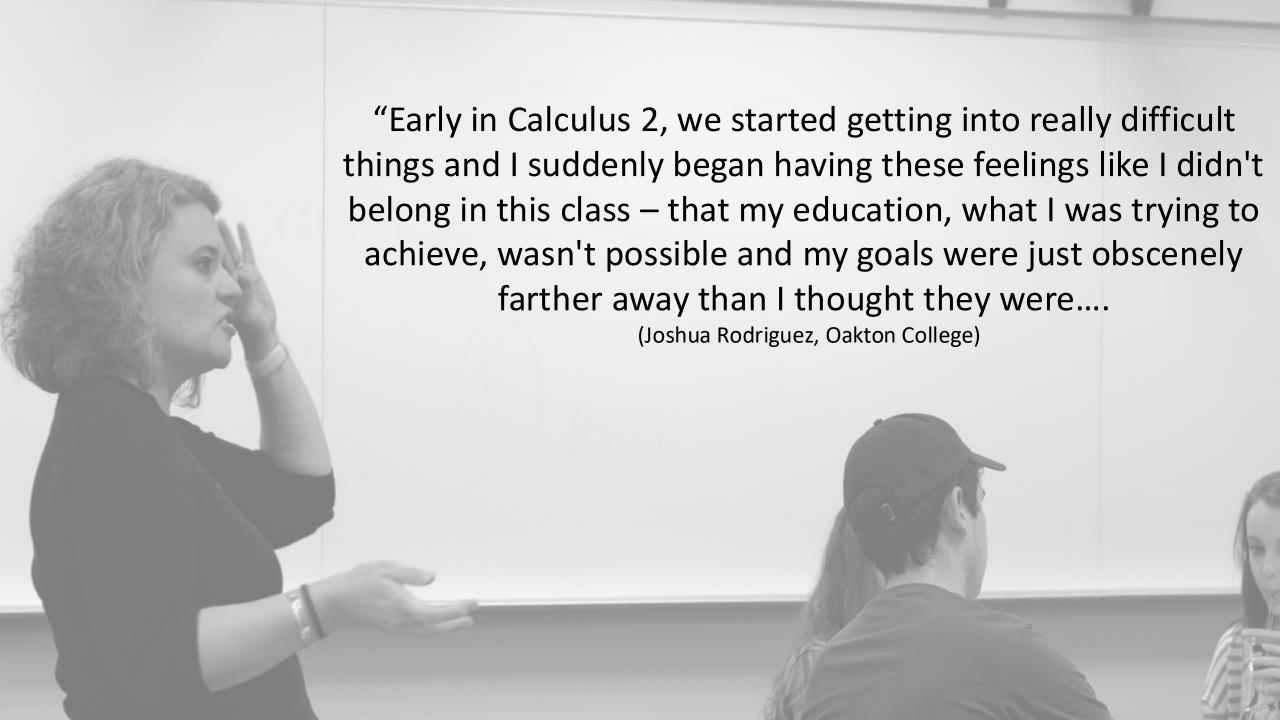
Validation Theory

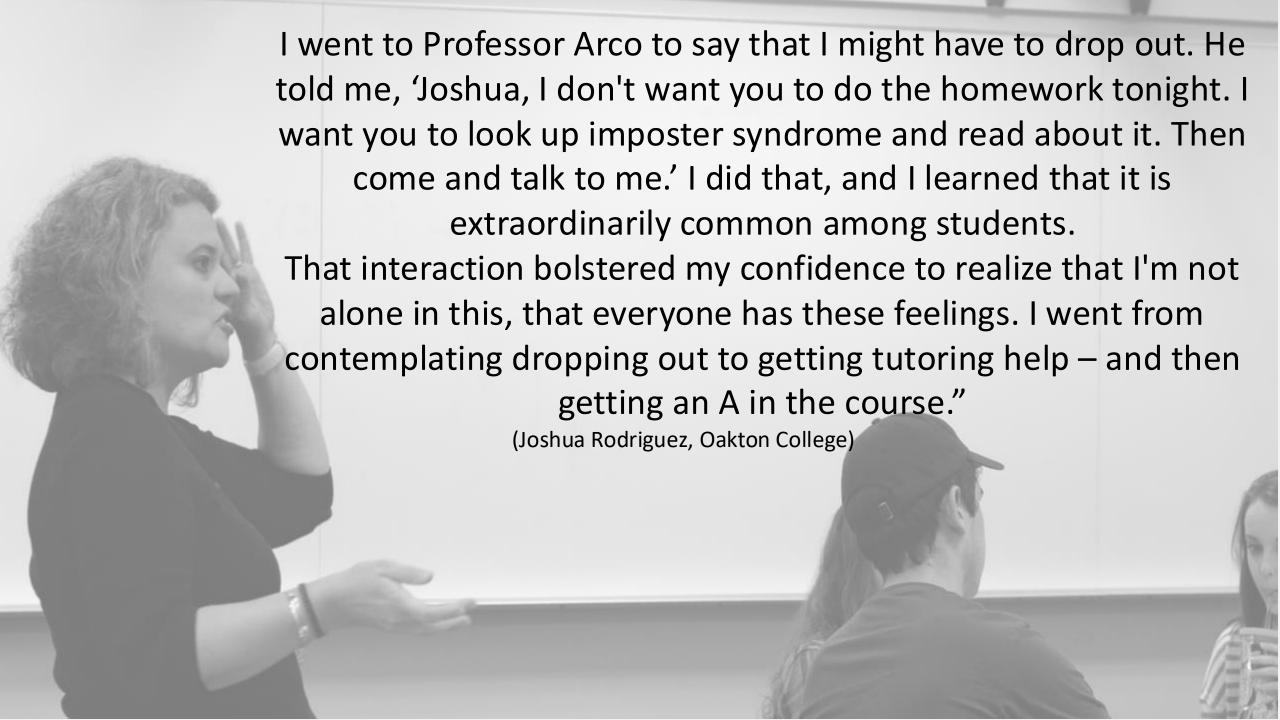
(Laura Rendón, 1994)

"My professor made something as boring as rocks interesting. The passion she had...her subject was something that she loved. The most important thing is that the class became a community. She made us interact with each other and with the subject. It just came together because of her passion."

(José Robles, Nevada State College)



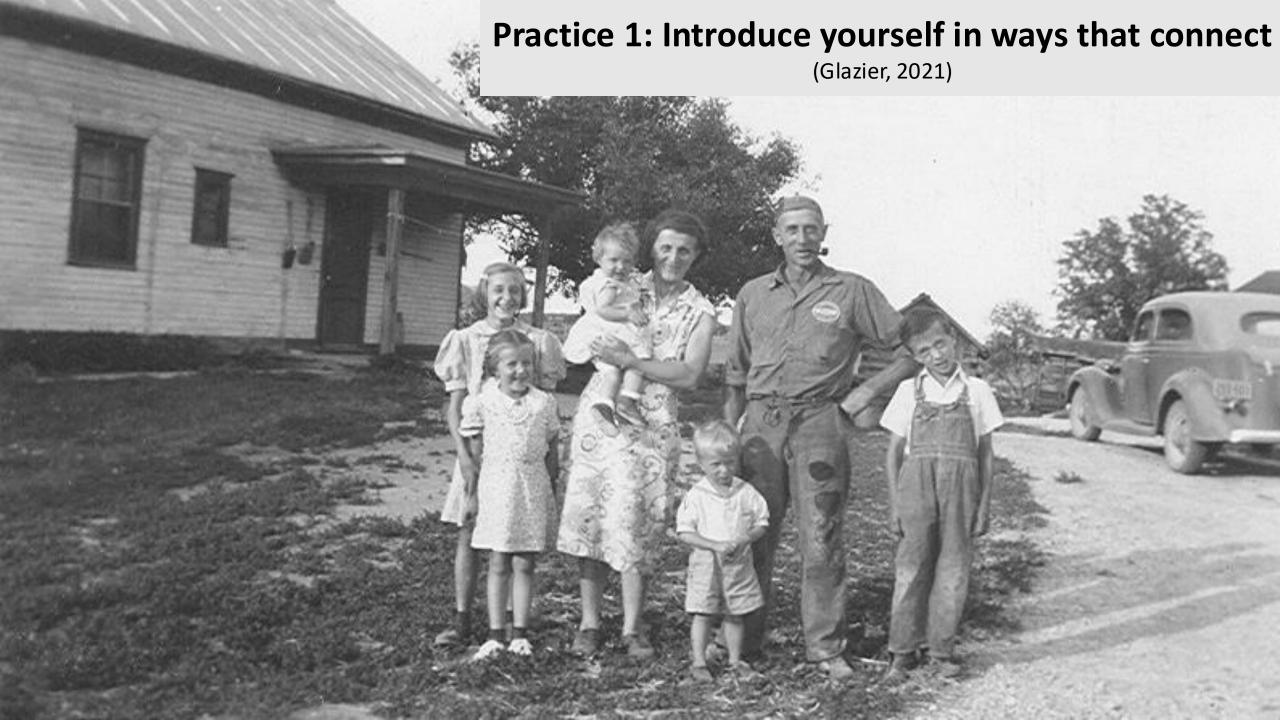


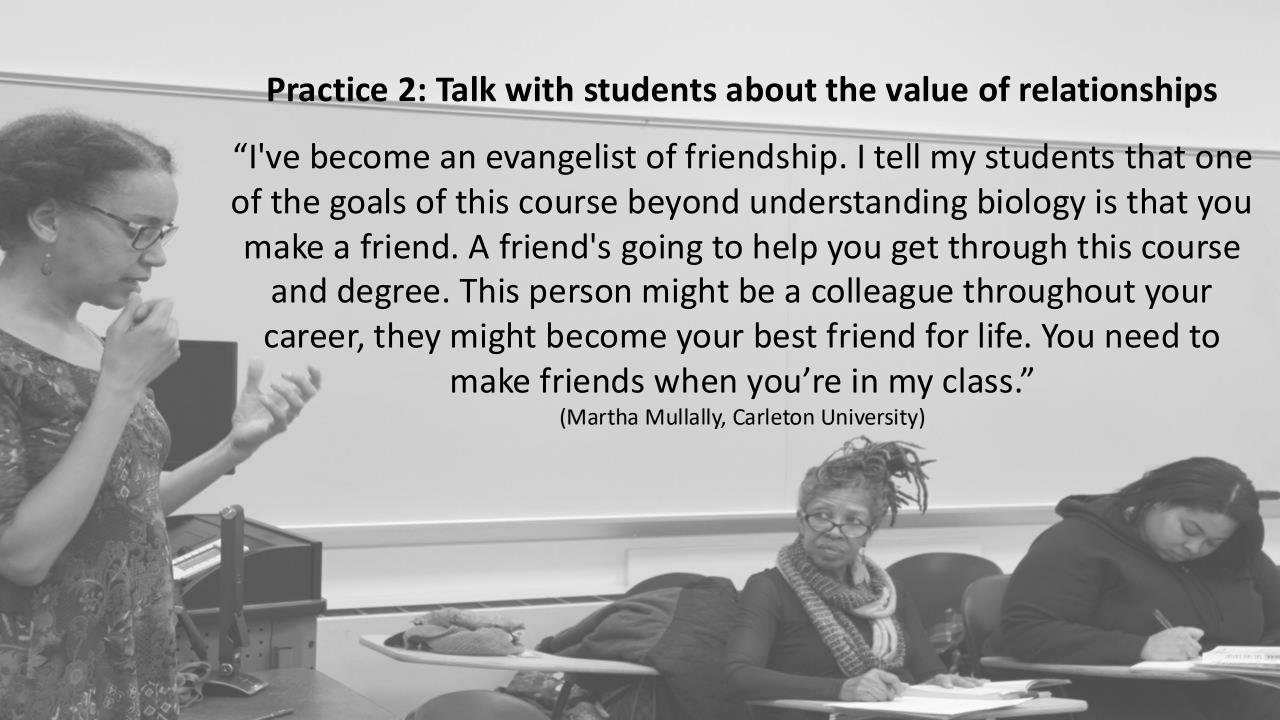




We need to help all students:

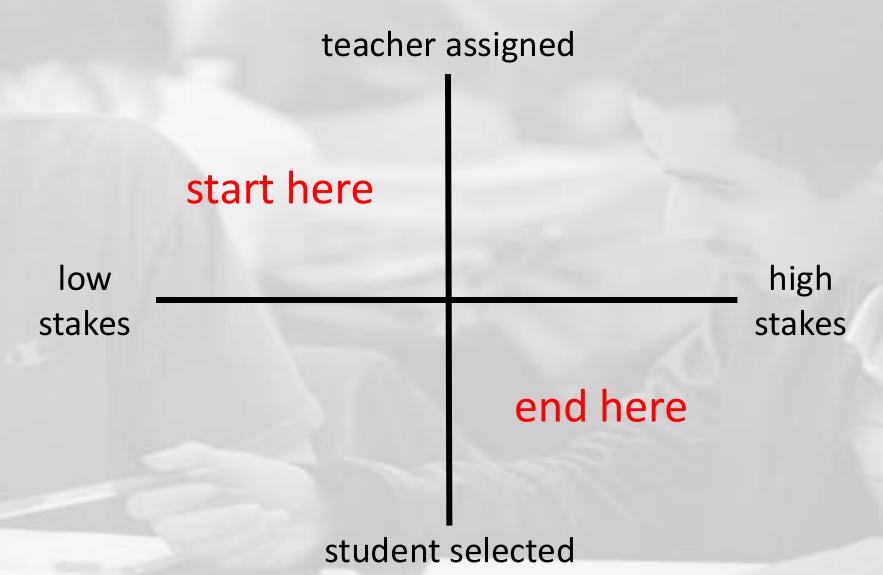
- 1. Understand that relationships matter for learning, well-being, and mattering.
- 2. Learn strategies to connect meaningfully with faculty, staff, and peers.
- 3. Act in ways that enable them to build those relationships.

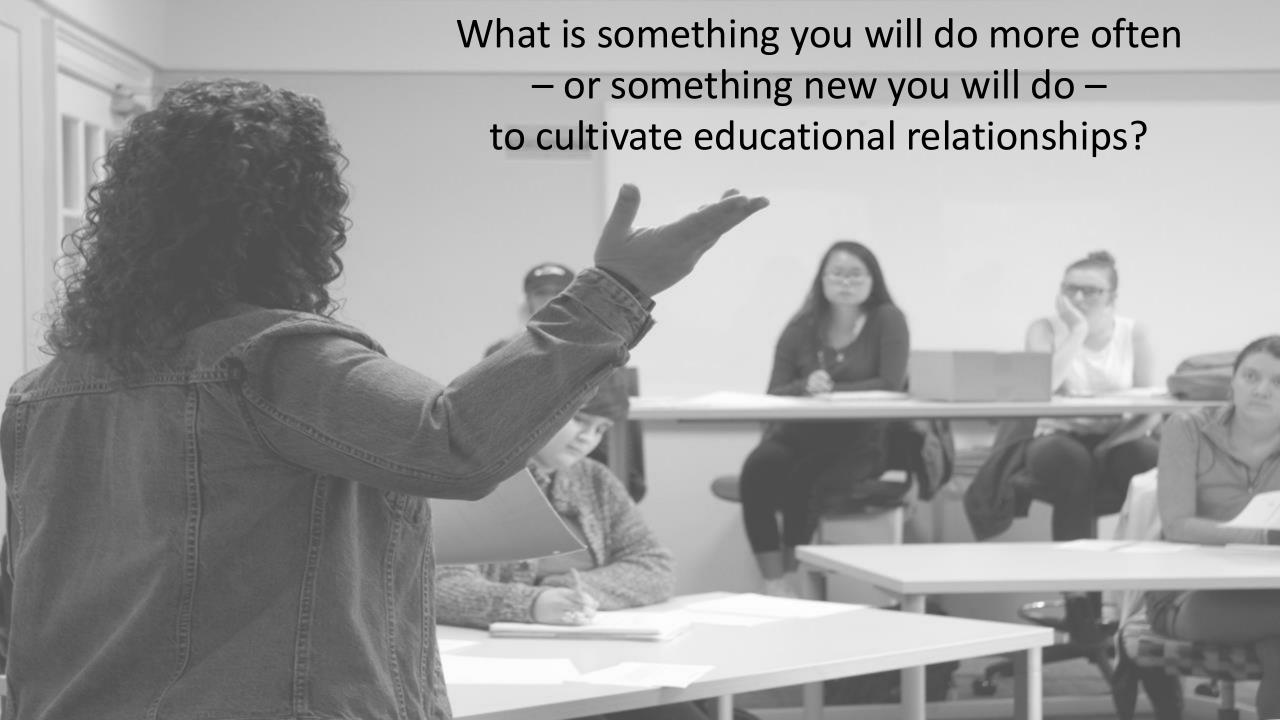




Practice 3: Validate student capacity "On some papers, she would have this little paragraph in the comments saying, 'You did this super well in your paper' and that little bit of encouragement, even though I'm not face-to-face with this teacher at all, made a world of difference to me. We've never met in person or even had a conversation, but she has made a huge positive difference in my education, which is kind of hard to do when you're not actually interacting with students in a classroom." (Nellie Bourne, San Antonio College)

Practice 4: Sequence group work to promote student well-being, connections, and learning





"Beyond the serious science we're doing, there's this whole other aspect of caring about each other's lives. The faculty will make the time to ask, 'How are your classes going?' 'What are you thinking about for next year?' 'What are you getting involved in outside of the lab?' 'Who do you want to be after you graduate?' And then they would really listen and encourage me, even when I wasn't sure if I knew what I was doing or where I was going."

(Samantha Paskvan, University of Washington)





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